



TUESDAY EVENING, OCT. 30, 1900.

THE POLITICIANS have so long played the part of the shepherd boy who cried "wolf," by declaring that the country was in danger at every Presidential election, that now, like those who had so often run to the boy's assistance, they do not realize that the wolf has come and that there is now real danger to the republic. Not danger from a single or a double standard of money value, or from a protective tariff or free trade, for these, though most important as measures of policy, can be changed at the bidding of the people in a short time, but danger from an abandonment of the fundamental principles upon which its foundation was laid—the equality of men and their rights to self government. These were the principles for which our Revolutionary fathers sustained that fearful eight year's struggle, which ended in the achievement of their independence, and which they thought they had assured to us, their posterity, by the constitutions of the States, and the Union.

Little by little has power been transferred from the former to the latter, so gradually that it has escaped the notice of the mass of the people, and now the party which from the beginning has sought to centralize power in a few hands, has so far succeeded in doing so, that it is emboldened to set aside that venerable instrument, which all parties have hitherto professed to hold sacred, and we are on the verge of another revolution. Expansion, that is the admission to the Union of other nations, or the purchase of territory to be filled up by our own people, who will form new States, is one thing; the purchase or conquest of countries already fully settled, without the consent of their inhabitants, and for the purpose of holding them as our subjects is quite another. That imperialism, its necessary consequences are a standing army and heavy taxation. From the former will come imminent danger to our own liberties; from the latter, a burden on labor of which it will be extremely difficult, if not impossible, to rid ourselves. The withdrawal of hundreds of thousands of men from profitable industry and their subjection to military discipline for years, will not only deprive their support upon those who do labor, but will so withdraw them from association with their fellow citizens and estrange them from a common feeling with them, that they will easily become the instruments of tyranny to deprive them of their constitutional rights. Shall we have imperialism, or shall we stand by the Constitution as our fathers gave it to us? That is the question we are to decide on Tuesday next.

MR. HANNA says trusts are "good things." They are unquestionably— for themselves; but it is just as true that they are bad things for every body else. They, like the tariff, follow their products into the very homes of the consumer. They not only destroy competition, which all the world knows is the life of trade, by refusing to sell to merchants who buy from individual manufacturers, but they even fix the retail price, so that one merchant can not sell at lower prices than another. They are maintained by means of the tariff, and the abolition of that, is the best possible way of destroying them.

THE LONDON TIMES refers to the special and conspicuous "courtesy" which the U. S. legation at Peking paid Sir Claude MacDonald, the retiring British minister, on his recent departure from that city. But Mr. McKinley and Lord Salisbury have made an alliance, and allies must always be courteous to each other, though England has supplanted the American with the British flag in the richest gold fields of Alaska. Courtesy is cheap, but gold mines are valuable.

THE MAN who took the same identical oath that General Lee did, and yet will either vote for, or not oppose, the candidate of the party whose leading and most admired organ relates its malicious, but ridiculous charge that the General was a deserter, a traitor and a rebel, can have no self-respect, and, if he have good sense, must know that he doesn't deserve the sincere respect of any intelligent man.

MURDERERS say murder is a good thing, robbers say robbery is a good thing, and so all the way through the list of crimes. Therefore, that Senator Scott, of the national republican committee, says trusts are good things, but that he will make the reporter who quotes him as saying so, suffer, is not at all surprising.

THESE are strange times. No nation would interfere in the war this country made upon Spain or in that Great Britain made upon the republics of South Africa. But all of them interfere in the behalf of the rebels, who are making war upon the legitimate government of China. Why the difference? Is it because of the fear of Great Britain?

## FROM WASHINGTON.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

Washington, October 30.

Fair progress is being made in Peking towards the establishment of a basis for the peace negotiations between China and the powers. The diplomatic representatives of the latter are rapidly reaching an agreement as to the demands that shall be made on the Chinese government. The latest dispatches are to the effect that they have unanimously decided to demand the execution of Prince Tuan and of the other princes, dukes and officials who were named for punishment in the imperial edict of September 25. Other requisitions upon China are for indemnities to individuals, societies, corporations and governments for injuries suffered, and adequate guarantees for the safety of foreigners in China in the future. On the other hand the Chinese plenipotentiaries have offered, it is said, to pay to the powers indemnities amounting to \$200,000,000 in 60 installments and to turn over to foreign control the "internal revenue system, and the customs service until this sum is paid. They also propose that Prince Tuan shall be imprisoned for life, instead of being beheaded as the powers demand, and that punishments ranging from deportation to life imprisonment shall be meted out to the other offenders named by the foreign envoys. They offer to make Tientsin an international district and to open other places to foreign trade, and promise that China shall abstain from the importation of foreign arms and ammunition. These Chinese offers of reparation, it is said at the State Department, nearly meet all the demands made by the powers.

The Census Bureau today announced the population of the United States as 76,285,220, according to the returns of the twelfth census. This is an increase over 1890 of 13,225,464 or nearly 21 per cent. The population of Virginia in 1900 is 1,564,184, as against 1,555,980 in 1890.

Prominent democrats from North Carolina here say the contest before the primaries for the election of a democratic (U. S.) Senator to succeed Martin Butler, the populist, is assuming a very interesting phase. There are now only three candidates, Simmons, chairman of the state committee, and General Julian Carr, of Durham, one of the best known business men in this country, in banking, manufacturing and industrial circles. He is also a prominent and popular ex-Confederate and has his undivided support in his candidacy. A poll of 123 ex-Confederates in the District of Columbia from North Carolina, as to how they stood for Senator, showed that Carr was the choice of 122.

Not only are the army and navy to be greatly increased, but the marine corps also, as its commander, in his annual report, says the service required of it now demands at least ten thousand men.

At the brokers' offices here today stocks are quoted strong, and wheat, corn and cotton as steady.

Mr. Thomas Aylette Yates, who before the railroad reached the White Sulphur Springs, was a famous stage driver to that place, and afterwards became a well known, liked and popular sporting man there, and in this city, died here yesterday afternoon after a long illness. He was from Albemarle county, Virginia, and owned a farm there.

To show that something is up with the negroes, it is only necessary to state that one of them, a rich sporting man of this city, has sent \$2,500 to New York to be given to Bryan, at the odds reported to be given there.

Mr. Bryan says Mr. Cowen's fight against him is not the result of his expressed objection to monarchicalism and expansion, but because of his long standing, permanent and determined opposition to government by injunction.

People from New York State here today say the unenviable treatment Governor Roosevelt and Senator Depew received here yesterday is the strongest indication that has yet been seen that the republicans have lost that State, as the men who interrupted them never would have dared to do so if they had not been satisfied that the crowd was with them.

It is said at democratic headquarters here that ex-President Cleveland is right when he says it looks like a landslide for Bryan; and that such a slide has long been anticipated, as the trusts, the anti-Boer, the unnecessary wars, the British alliance and imperialistic policy of the administration, the course pursued by Roosevelt in saying the mechanics of the cities and the small farmers of the country are not to be mentioned in the same breath with the rowdy cowboys, the assumption, of the plutocratic parvenu, and the combination of the wealthy against the poor classes, have led the latter, all over the country, against them, and that their resentment will be manifested next Tuesday.

It is currently reported here, on the alleged authority of General Edgar Allan of Richmond, ex-Governor of Florida, that he will not only vote for McKinley but for him, also. People here who know the ex-Governor say the report is so strange that they cannot credit it.

## MR. BRYAN TO MR. COWEN.

Mr. W. J. Bryan yesterday telegraphed as follows from Marlboro Depot, N. Y., to the Baltimore Sun:

Have read your telegram quoting threat of president of Baltimore and Ohio Railroad to cancel order for cars in case I am elected. There is no reason for fear business depression in case of democratic success.

I imagine that Mr. Cowen's objection to my election is based on much on fear of business depression as because of the fact that I am opposed to government by injunction, the blacklist and to the railway pooling bill which he went to Washington to lobby for after he was elected to Congress and before he took his seat.

His threat is a confession that the republican party cannot win without intimidation. I trust we may some day have laws that will provide a penitentiary cell for the man who attempts to use his power as the president of a corporation to disfranchise or coerce the laboring men who work for the corporation.

If an employer is entitled to the votes of all who are employed by him, the law should allow him to cast the vote of his employees. If not entitled to this right, he should restrain him from using his position to terrify those who work under him.

Lyons will examine the Congressional Record to find that Champ Clark, of Missouri, made a speech while the pooling bill was before Congress and referred to the fact that Cowen was there lobbying for it. This was before Cowen's term began and when he was entitled to the floor.

Several masked men held up the trainman on the main line of the Pennsylvania Railroad at Morristown, Pa., this morning. They blew upon the safe in the station and got away with \$200 in cash.

Pinley Anderson has made an affidavit that his testimony at Georgetown, Ky., against Caleb Powers convicted of complicity in the Cabel murder, was false and was secured by Tom Campbell and Arthur Goebel for \$300.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

The Navy Department has decided to locate the new million-dollar dry dock at the Brooklyn navy yard.

Brigadier General Heywood's report says the marines got \$376,300 of loot in silver coin from the treasury in Tientsin.

An armed band of Carlists was routed by a detachment of gendarmes near Bidalona yesterday, and the chief of the Carlists was killed.

Ex-Secretary of State John D. Hawkins, of Delaware, was yesterday sentenced, for embezzlement, to one year in prison and pay \$3000 fine and costs of prosecution.

Mr. James M. Schryver, general passenger agent of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad lines east of the Ohio river, died suddenly of paralysis at his late home in Baltimore yesterday.

An early hour yesterday morning burglars blew two safes to pieces with dynamite in Frostburg, Md., getting \$225 at one place and a Baltimore and Ohio mileage book at the other.

Mr. Richard Croker's first prediction in this campaign was made yesterday afternoon from his desk in Tammany Hall, and was to the effect that Bryan would surely carry New York, and the country, too, unless cheated out of the election.

The Delaware democratic State central committee met yesterday and canvassed the situation in the different counties. After the meeting United States Senator Kenny said that he had no doubt that the democrats would carry the State.

Lord Salisbury has notified Ambassador Choate that, in accordance with a request from the United States government, all prisoners of war of American nationality now in St. Helena, Ceylon or South Africa are to be released forthwith.

Ten persons were killed and over two hundred people more or less crushed and injured yesterday in the crowds which packed the streets of London at the big demonstration in honor of the City Imperial Volunteers from South Africa.

Joseph L. Haines, an electrical engineer, after a thorough inspection of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, is of the opinion that it could be converted into a gigantic electrical generator for the use of towns and railroads of Maryland. There are 74 locks, affording excellent waterfalls that could be used in driving turbines. The fall in the canal is 600 feet in 134 miles sufficient to generate 150,000-horsepower.

Gov. Roosevelt was assaulted on the streets of Elmira, N. Y., last night on his way to the places of meeting. He was in a carriage with former Senator Fassett, and at several points along the route was pelted with eggs and vegetables and greeted with the vilest epithets. Several hundred men broke up Senator Depew's meeting at Cableskill, N. Y. They hissed McKinley's name and interrupted the Senator continuously.

Caracas, Venezuela, was visited by a severe earthquake at 4:46 a. m. on Sunday. Fifteen persons were killed and many others injured. Great damage was done to buildings, including the Pantheon and the churches. The United States legation was badly damaged, but all the occupants escaped unhurt. President Castro leaped from a balcony on the second floor of the Government house and one of his legs was broken.

The fire which started in the building of Tarrant & Co., wholesale druggists, northwest corner of Warren and Greenwich streets, New York city, yesterday, a full account of which was published in the Gazette of that day, caused a property loss of \$1,300,000 and the death, it is believed, of 40 persons. Several hundred were injured. The exact cause of the fire is not known, and those who should be able to tell the tale have failed to indicate what kinds of oils or chemicals were stored there in sufficient quantities to have caused the terrific explosions, which were responsible for the greater part of the damage.

## Mr. Bryan's Itinerary.

Hornellsville, N. Y., Oct. 30.—Col. Bryan never had a more enthusiastic reception than that tendered him at Port Jervis at 2:30 this morning. Twelve hundred people, headed by a brass band, stopped the Bryan special and shouted for the democratic leader. Mr. Bryan was asleep at the time, but the demonstration was so pronounced that he dressed and went out on the platform where he made a short speech in the darkness.

Hornellsville, N. Y., Oct. 30.—William J. Bryan arrived here today at 9:30 o'clock. He seemed glad to begin his political march to Lincoln, Nebraska, the last week of a busy campaign. Three rather lengthy speeches are his today's Bryan itinerary. Eleven shorter speeches are also scheduled. Mr. Bryan will arrive in Cincinnati for his great meeting there about 7:45 o'clock. He will put in Friday and Saturday doing hard work in Chicago.

Chicago, Oct. 30.—Mr. Bryan has been advised by friends that the result in Chicago may determine the result of the election and for that reason nothing will be left undone in the effort to carry Cook county for the democracy.

## Bicyclist Ran Into Catamount.

Jersey Shore, Pa., Oct. 30.—While Raglan Clark, of Nippenose Valley, was riding his bicycle through Antee Gap, Sunday night, a catamount bounded into the road directly in front of him. His wheel struck the animal and Clark went sprawling into the road. The collision with the wheel scared the animal so badly that after regaining its feet it plunged into a wire fence by the roadside in its efforts to get away. Meanwhile Clark had gathered up his wheel and rode out of the bear's reach.

## Surrendered to the Authorities.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 30.—Josiah White, who murdered his nephew, James White, and shot Everett White at Sweet Valley, this county, yesterday morning, and who escaped to the mountains, appeared suddenly at Shickeljohn this morning, and surrendered himself. The murderer is fifty years old and has been living the life of a hermit. He claims that he shot his nephews in self defense but refused to explain the trouble which led to the shooting.

Thomas A. Dupuis, a student in the Medico Chirurgical Hospital, at Philadelphia, attempted to commit suicide early this morning in a fashionable boarding house. He cut his throat with a razor, and then stabbed himself four times in the left breast with a pair of scissors. He is in a critical condition.

## VIRGINIA NEWS.

P. Arthur Beasley, a well-known farmer of the Milford neighborhood, in Caroline county, died of paralysis yesterday, aged 70 years.

It is reported that the Southern Railway Company will build a link of railway from Stuart to Bristol, thus giving Bristol a direct line to Danville.

Joseph D. Miller, colored, night mail-clerk in the Norfolk postoffice, was yesterday sent to the grand jury by U. S. Commissioner Braden on the charge of robbing the mails.

Col. George Wayne Anderson yesterday announced that he had appointed Dr. William Mann Randolph, of Charlottesville, to be surgeon of the Seventeenth regiment, with the rank of major.

Miss Virginia Buck died at the home of her mother, Mrs. Buck, in Fredericksburg, Saturday. This is the second time in about two weeks that death has visited this home, her sister, Miss Mollie Buck, having died recently.

Gen. Fitz Lee, who is now in Richmond, is said to be pleased with his assignment to the Department of the Missouri. When in Washington last week his wishes were consulted in the matter. He will leave Wednesday for Cuba, and says it will take him two weeks to wind up his affairs there. He enters upon his duties at Omaha December 1. Mrs. Lee and their daughters will go with him to Omaha and reside there.

## TROUBLE OF THE MACKEYS.

Mrs. Katherine S. Mackey, wife of Judge Thomas J. Mackey, formerly of South Carolina, is understood to have left Washington city yesterday afternoon for the home of her father, Colonel Porterfield, at Charleston, W. Va. A relative of Mrs. Mackey who is understood to have been in the city is said to have accompanied her.

During the evening Judge Mackey instituted a search for his wife, notifying the police of his disappearance. He called at headquarters and at the Sixth precinct station, where he requested that steps be taken to locate her.

In the early afternoon Judge Mackey visited Sanitary Officer Frank with the purpose of filing a petition for the commitment of Mrs. Mackey to St. Elizabeth's Asylum for the Insane. On leaving the office Judge Mackey conducted himself in such a way that he was arrested by Policeman Santemyer on a charge of disorder and taken to the Sixth precinct station. He deposited \$500 to secure his release, and later in the evening Judge Mackey called at headquarters and claimed that his wife had been abducted by a man who claimed to be a policeman.

At the Sixth precinct station it was stated that Mrs. Mackey had been seen to leave the city via Baltimore and Ohio road, accompanied by an elderly man. A lookout, however, was sent to the various stations directing a search for the missing woman.

Prior to the visit of Judge Mackey to Sanitary Officer Frank he and Mrs. Mackey were seen in several parts of the city during the day. On Massachusetts Avenue, near Fifth street northwest, they were observed during the morning, and on this occasion Mrs. Mackey became excited. It is said, and was seen to board a moving car. This attempt, however, failed, and Judge Mackey again took her in charge and the couple then repaired to their lodging house in New Jersey Avenue, near E street.

## ALVORD IN THE TOMBS.

As stated in the Gazette of that day Cornelius L. Alvord, Jr., the defaulting asset teller of the First National Bank, of New York, was arrested in Boston yesterday afternoon in a lodging house on Huntington avenue, where he had been rooming since last Wednesday. He admitted his identity, and said he was glad the suspense of remaining in hiding was over. He had only about \$50 in his possession, and when asked where the rest of the \$700,000 he is alleged to have taken was, he replied that he preferred to consult with his attorney before answering any questions of that kind.

Later when asked what he had done with the immense stealing he said: "Well, \$700,000 is a whole lot of money, and it goes easy." He said he had backed horses, but never on race tracks, and had owned fast horses himself. He said he had lived his life and had taken life to its full at the rate of \$50,000 a year or more. He declared he would not make any fight, would throw up his hands, take his sentence, and, after that was over, would come out in the world again.

Last night Alvord was taken from Boston to New York and arrived at the Grand Central depot at 11 o'clock. He was immediately taken to police headquarters, and later was removed to the Tombs.

New York, Oct. 30.—Cornelius Alvord, was arraigned in court here this morning, and was remanded till 3 o'clock this afternoon in order to allow the magistrate to determine whether the case was a State case or one for the United States courts. He talked and laughed with his guards and did not show the curious eyes, but returned the crowd's stare with a quiet, surprised look. He takes his arrest with unusual coolness.

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## BIG INDEMNITY ASKED.

"The Chinese plenipotentiaries opened negotiations," says the Shanghai correspondent of the London Daily Express, "by proposing that China should pay an indemnity of \$40,000,000 sterling in sixty installments, agreeing that the silk and the customs service should be under foreign control until the obligation should be discharged. They also agreed that Prince Tuan should be imprisoned for life, that Tientsin be treated as an international district, and that other places should be opened to foreign trade. China undertakes to abstain from purchasing war material abroad. In order to raise the indemnity she proposes to double the import duties."

## CATARRH CANNOT BE CURED

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. It is not a local remedy, and it is not a blood purifier. It is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonic known, combined with the best blood purifier, acting directly upon the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, price 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

## THE REFORM CLUB DINNER SPEECH.

The Chicago Times-Herald today contains the following letter from Walter Wellman, its special correspondent:

New York, Oct. 29.

Ex-President Cleveland has at last spoken and in a most emphatic way. He is opposed to Bryan and Bryanism, and today, over his signature, authorized the publication of his views. Don M. Dickinson, of Detroit, former Postmaster General in President Cleveland's Cabinet, and recently author of a severe arraignment of Mr. Bryan, arrived here this morning, and this evening showed me the following letter which he had just received from ex-President Cleveland:

Princeton, Oct. 29.

Hon. Don M. Dickinson: Dear Sir: The speech I made at the Reform Club dinner in April, 1897, is a part of my record in advocacy of true democracy. I cannot suppress it or abate from it, and would not if I could. I shall not object to any use you see fit to make of it. Yours, sincerely,

GROVER CLEVELAND.

This speech which Mr. Cleveland refers to was made April 24, 1897. Among other things Mr. Cleveland said:

"On every side we are confronted with popular depression and complaint, and perhaps they are largely due to the work of agitators and demagogues who have busily sowed the seeds of discontent, hoping that in the harvest they may reap a personal advantage. While scattering the seeds of discontent they have also cultivated a growth of sectional and class suspicion and distrust which threaten to choke or destroy that fraternal feeling which leads to considerate counsel in the day of common misfortune, and which is absolutely essential to the success of our plan of government."

"The fundamental truth that our free institutions offer opportunities to all within their influence for the advancement and improvement of their condition has been so far denied that honest accumulation is called a crime and the necessity and value of individual effort and struggle which are the main principles of our Americanism are described as unjustifiable burdens, while unwholesome paternalism is presented in handsome and inviting garb."

"The speech throughout showed a bitter antagonism toward Bryanism and lack of confidence in the republican party to carry the helm from which the country was suffering."

A dispatch to the Philadelphia Times from Princeton, N. J., quotes ex-President Cleveland as predicting a landslide for Bryan.

## D. A. R.

As heretofore stated the Virginia State Conference of the Daughters of the American Revolution will meet in this city tomorrow and will remain in session till Friday. The programme was published in yesterday's Gazette. The meeting will be held in the rooms of the Business Men's League, and the first session will begin at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

No one but the members of the society will be admitted to the business meetings of the conference.

At the organ recital at Christ Church Friday night admittance will be by card only.

Among the ladies attending the conference are the following: Mrs. Hugh Nelson Page, Virginia State Regent, of Norfolk; Mrs. Mason Miller and Mrs. Frank Hanger, delegates from Beverly Manor Chapter, of Staunton, who are the guests of Mrs. Howard, on north Washington street.

Mrs. James R. Hubbard, regent, and Mrs. George B. delegate, from Great Britain Chapter, of Norfolk, who are the guests of Mrs. Wm. A. Sneed, at the residence of Mrs. Wm. Green, on north Washington street.

Mrs. John Goodrick, regent, and Mrs. Doggett, from Betty Washington Lew Chapter, of Fredericksburg, who are guests at the residence of Mrs. Dabney Herndon, on Prince street.

Mrs. Albert Tuttle and Mrs. T. B. Lyons, delegates from Albemarle Chapter, of Charlottesville, who are guests at the residence of Mrs. John Leadbetter.

Mrs. Charles E. Nash, regent, and Mrs. Charles T. Parrish, delegate, Fort Nelson Chapter, of Portsmouth, who are guests at the residence of Mrs. Robert W. Hunter, on Prince street.

Mrs. S. W. Jamieson, Regent, and Mrs. James R. Schick, delegate, from Margaret Lynn Lewis Chapter, Roanoke; guests at the residence of Miss Rebecca Ramsay, Cameron street.

Mrs. John Paul, Regent, and Mrs. John E. Rolter, delega e, from Massachusetts Chapter, Harrisonburg, at the residence of Mrs. E. T. McVeigh, Queen street (guests of Mrs. Berryman Green).

Mrs. Anne Harper, Regent, Montpelier Chapter, Orange; guest at the residence of Mrs. T. W. Robinson, near Washington street.

Miss Sallie Williams, delegate, from Montpelier Chapter, Orange; guests at the residence of Miss Nannie Norton.

Mrs. Virginia Hall, delegate, from Old Dominion Chapter, Richmond; guest at the residence of Miss Corse, north Washington street.

Mrs. C. W. P. Brock, delegate, Old Dominion Chapter, Richmond; guest of Miss Nellie Wattles at the residence of Mrs. M. V. Williamson, north Washington street.

Miss Rosh Early, Regent, Blue Ridge Chapter, Lynchburg; guest at the residence of Mrs. Wilbur Reed.

## Mr. Cleveland's Letter.

Chicago, Oct. 30.—Senator Jones, chairman of the democratic national committee, does not construe the letter of Mr. Cleveland to Don Dickinson as a promise to support McKinley. "It is not a declaration either way, and no one can construe it as such. His interview in the Philadelphia paper means that he expects the democratic service should be under foreign control until the obligation should be discharged. They also agreed that Prince Tuan should be imprisoned for life, that Tientsin be treated as an international district, and that other places should be opened to foreign trade. China undertakes to abstain from purchasing war material abroad. In order to raise the indemnity she proposes to double the import duties."

## The Markets.

Chicago, Oct. 30.—The market closed as follows: Wheat, Dec 75½; Wheat, Oct 30, 75½; Wheat, Oct 30, 75½.

Feelings of safety pervade the household that use One Minute Cough Cure, the only harmless remedy that gives immediate relief. It is infallible for colds, croup and all throat and lung troubles. It will prevent consumption.

## TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

The New York Fire.

New York, Oct. 30.—A dozen streams of water played all night long on the ruins of two blocks of buildings destroyed and wrecked by the explosions in Tarrant's drug house yesterday. Three hundred men toiled among the wreckage seeking to rescue some order out of chaos that would bring to light the bodies of the persons supposed to have perished in the disaster. The ruins were red hot and effective work was impossible. At 8 o'clock today, however, not a body had been recovered. A coat, a vest and a pair of trousers found at various places in the wreckage and the body of a woman was located under the debris of Buckley's restaurant, but it was impossible to get the corpse out. It is feared the bodies of other women will be found at this point. Efforts were made today to ascertain whether some of those in the collapsed buildings were still alive. There are several buildings which were shaken down but escaped the fire. It was thought some of the missing might have taken refuge in the vaults and deep cellars and were entombed. Today over 1,000 men will be put to work in a search for bodies of victims. According to the best estimate this morning the dead will not exceed forty. At first it was thought that only a few of the sixty to eighty persons in the Tarrant building could have escaped. Later, however, it was discovered that many of the girls employed had been able to get to a rear fire escape and by that means many of them won safety. Ten of Tarrant & Company's employees are reported missing, the rest of the forty, who are not accounted for, were employed in rear by houses, which were wrecked. Not one of the many firemen who responded to the fire call was killed. Many of them were injured and two of the engines were utterly wrecked and the horses out and burned. The seriously injured number about 100. No deaths were reported during the night at the hospitals and it is believed most of the injured will recover. The real cause of the explosion is still a mystery and will probably never be known. A rigid investigation as to the origin of the fire will be instituted tomorrow.

Noon.—So far as ascertained two persons are known to have been killed and 37 are still missing.

## The Situation in China.

Hong Kong, Oct. 30.—An explosion near the Chinese Governor's yamen here today killed fourteen persons and injured two. The officials say the explosion was planned to kill the Governor. The reform element in the city are suspicious of the French and declare that if the latter attempt to take Canton the inhabitants will lay the city in ruins.

Peking, Oct. 29.—Prince Su who started with the imperial court for Singan Fu but who later returned, said in the course of an interview today that the emperor did not want to leave Peking. He preferred to trust to the allies, but was compelled to go. So little authority was exercised over the imperial body guard, said Su, that the soldiers stole the meals provided for the emperor. The execution of several of the guard, however, restored the control of the court. The emperor wept continually, upbraiding her advisers. The emperor reviled every one irrespective of his opinion. Edicts were issued which could not be enforced and chaos resulted. Su thinks that the court will return by a circuitous route through southern Shanai, into northern Hanau.

## A Roadside Tragedy.

Reading, Pa., Oct. 30.—Emma, the pretty young wife of Charles A. Keffler, of this city, was found dead by the roadside about 12 miles from Reading yesterday afternoon. She had been murdered by her husband, who took his own life early this morning. The couple had not been living happily for some months. Yesterday Keffler hired a team and took his wife out for a drive. As children from a schoolhouse near Oley Line were on their way home they found the dead body of Mrs. Keffler with two bullet holes in her head. The authorities were notified and the body was brought to this city. After the murder Keffler was seen hurriedly driving toward this city. He tied the team at a street corner and then disappeared. Keffler's body was found along the Reading Railway in the lower part of the town early this morning. He had blown his brains out with a pistol. In one of his pockets was found a letter to his mother, expressing remorse for what he had done, but saying his wife had driven him to it. It is thought Keffler was jealous his wife. They leave one child.

## Foreign News.

London, Oct. 30.—The police records show that 1,200 persons were injured in yesterday's parade and demonstration. There are many unrecorded cases. The night celebration degenerated into a drunken pandemonium which was notable for the extraordinary number of women and young girls paralyzed by drink. The afternoon papers are demanding an official investigation of the police laxity in permitting last night's orgie. The streets swarmed with drunken men who seized and kissed every unprotected female they encountered. Strings of men and women, many intoxicated, swayed down the streets with locked arms. There was some wild dancing and high kicking.

Constantinople, Oct. 30.—The Sultan has promoted Ozia Bey, second secretary of the Turkish legation at Washington now acting as consul general at New York, to be a lieutenant colonel. The Sultan has refused to grant an equivalent to Mr. Norton, the recently appointed American consul at Harpoot.

Vienna, Oct. 30.—As a consequence of the collapse of the Austro-Hungarian Iron trust at Prague, the iron companies shares have fallen from 110 pounds, to 71 pounds. The smaller firms which were absorbed by the trust are on the brink of ruin.